Experiment No. 10: Dyeing of Silk Cloth/Filament

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Aim: To get required colour on silk.

Requirements: Heater, vessel, thermometer, balance, glass wares, degummed silk, different dye stuffs, glauber's salt, acetic acid *etc.*,

Preparation of Dye Solution: In order to prepare 1% shade, dissolve exactly 1% of dye powder on the basis of silk weight in required amount of water. Make a clear paste without any dye granules before preparing final solution.

Procedure:

- 1. Weigh the given degummed silk sample and note down the weight as W_1 g.
- 2. Prepare the dye bath with dye solution by taking required amount of water (*i.e.*, at the ratio of 1:40) and glauber's salt (10%).
- 3. Start the dyeing at room temperature and raise the temperature to 40 °C gradually. Work the material for 15 min at 40 °C.
- 4. After 15 min take out the material from the dye bath and add required amount of acetic acid stir the solution and again dip the material into dye bath.
- 5. Raise the temperature to 90-95 °C and work for about 45-60 min.
- 6. If the colour is not exhausted in the dyeing bath, add some additional amount (2%) of acetic acid and continue the dyeing.
- 7. After 45-60 min take out the material, wash it in cold water and dry under shade.

Observations and Calculations:

Weight of the degummed silk = ____ (W) g Liquor ratio 1:40 *i.e.*, W X 40 = ----- ml of water

Glauber's salt @ $10\% = \frac{10X \text{ W}}{100} = \underline{\qquad} \text{ gm.}$

Acetic acid @ 4% = $\frac{4 \text{ X W}}{100}$ = ____ ml.

Dye Stuff 1. Orange $1\% = \underline{1XW} = \underline{100}$ gm.

- 2. Green $2\% = \frac{2XW}{100} = ____ \text{gm.}$
- 1. Red 3% = $\frac{3XW}{100}$ = ____ gm.

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