

Estimation of Protein by Lowry's method

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Aim: To estimate the protein using Lowry's method.

Principle: The –CO-NH- bond (peptide) in polypeptide chain reacts with copper sulphate in an alkaline medium to give a blue colored complex. In addition, tyrosine and tryptophan residues of protein cause reduction of the phosphomolybdate and phosphotungstate components of the Folin-Ciocalteu reagent to give bluish products which contribute towards enhancing the sensitivity of this method.

Reagents Required:

- 1. Reagent A:** 2% sodium carbonate in 0.1 N sodium hydroxide.
- 2. Reagent B:** 0.5% copper sulphate (CuSO₄.5H₂O) in 1% potassium sodium tartarate. Prepare fresh by mixing stock solutions.
- 3. Alkaline copper solution (Reagent C):** Mix 50mL of reagent A and 1 mL of reagent B prior to use.
- 4. Diluted Folin's reagent (Reagent D):** Dilute Folin-Ciocalteu reagent with an equal volume of 0.1 N NaOH
- 5. Standard:** Dissolve 50mg BSA in 50mL of distilled water in a volumetric flask. Take 10mL of this stock standard and dilute to 50 mL in another flask for working standard solution. One mL of this solution contains 200 µg protein.

Apparatus and Glass wares required: Test tubes, Pipettes, Colorimeter, *etc.*,

Procedure:

1. Pipette out 0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.8 and 1 ml of working standard in to the series of labeled test tubes.
2. Pipette out 1 mL of the sample in another test tube.
3. Make up the volume to 1 mL in all the test tubes. A tube with 1 mL of distilled water serves as the blank.
4. Now add 5 mL of reagent C to all the test tubes including the test tubes labeled 'blank' and 'unknown'.
5. Mix the contents of the tubes by vortexing / shaking the tubes and allow to stand for 10 min.
6. Then add 0.5 mL of reagent D rapidly with immediate mixing well and incubate at room temperature in the dark for 30 min.
7. Now record the absorbance at 660 nm against blank.

8. Then plot the standard curve by taking concentration of protein along X-axis and absorbance at 660 nm along Y-axis.
9. Then from this standard curve calculate the concentration of protein in the given sample.

Result: The given unknown sample contains ---- μg protein/ml.

Observations and Calculations

Volume of standard BSA (ml)	Volume of distilled water (ml)	Concentration of Protein (μg)	Volume of reagent C (ml)	Incubate At Room Temp for 10 min	Volume of reagent D (ml)	Incubate At dark room temp. for 30 min	A660
0.0	1.0	00	5		0.5		0.00
0.2	0.8	40	5		0.5		
0.4	0.6	80	5		0.5		
0.6	0.4	120	5		0.5		
0.8	0.2	160	5		0.5		
1.0	0.0	200	5		0.5		
1.0 UK	0.0	?	5		0.5		

Standard Curve for Protein by Lowry's Method


